We have a total of 100 sample, 50 from the girl and 50 from the boy. They speak in a faster pace for 25 times, and more slowly for the other 25 times.

Here is a table which shows all of the data we’ve collected. As we can see in the table, there is a trend that people are more likely to trust girls rather than boys and they tend to trust people speaking slowly.

We can see that trend more clearly in this bar chart.

The blue bar stands for lending conditions, while the orange ones represent the rejection conditions.

So on the boy’s side, we can see the orange bars are far higher than blue ones, meaning the rejection rate is significantly higher than then lend rate. On the girl’s side, however, the lend rate varies a lot between slow and fast pace. Still, we can conclude that boys’ rejection rate is generally higher than that of girls.

Also, when we see the data from the pace perspective, when people are speaking faster, the orange bars, the rejection rate is always higher than lending, meaning the rejection rate increases when you are speaking faster.

~~What does this trend mean?~~

~~We can first look at the comparison between girls and boys.~~

~~An interesting thing is that people do not trust fast-speaking people more than people speaking slowly.~~

~~A possible reason for that, as we later analyzed, is that when we are speaking slowly, it seems that we are hesitating and we hadn’t prepared for that a lot.~~